

Linagliptin-containing products (Glyxambi[®], Jentadueto[®], Jentadueto XR[®], Tradjenta[®]) – New Warning

- On December 23, 2016, the <u>FDA approved</u> a new update to the <u>Warnings and Precautions</u> section of the <u>Glyxambi (empagliflozin/linagliptin)</u>, <u>Jentadueto (linagliptin/metformin)</u>, <u>Jentadueto XR (linagliptin/metformin extended-release)</u>, and <u>Tradjenta (linagliptin)</u> drug labels regarding bullous pemphigoid.
- Tradjenta is a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor indicated as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults with T2DM.
- <u>Jentadueto</u> and <u>Jentadueto XR</u> are DPP-4 inhibitors and biguanide combination products indicated as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults with T2DM when treatment with both linagliptin and metformin is appropriate.
- Glyxambi is a DPP-4 inhibitor and a sodium-glucose co-transporter 2 (SGLT-2) combination product indicated as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults with T2DM when treatment with both linagliptin and <u>Jardiance</u> is appropriate.
- Tradjenta, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, and Glyxambi are not for treatment of type 1 diabetes or diabetic ketoacidosis.
- Tradjenta, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, and Glyxambi have not been studied in patients with a history of pancreatitis. It is unknown whether patients with a history of pancreatitis are at an increased risk for the development of pancreatitis while using Glyxambi.
- Postmarketing cases of bullous pemphigoid requiring hospitalization have been reported with DPP-4 inhibitor use.
 - In reported cases, patients typically recovered with topical or systemic immunosuppressive treatment and discontinuation of the DPP-4 inhibitor.
 - Patients should report development of blisters or erosions while receiving Tradjenta, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, or Glyxambi.
 - If bullous pemphigoid is suspected, Tradjenta, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, or Glyxambi should be discontinued and referral to a dermatologist should be considered for diagnosis and appropriate treatment.
- Other warnings and precautions of Tradjenta, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, and Glyxambi include pancreatitis, use with medications known to cause hypoglycemia, hypersensitivity reactions, severe and disabling arthralgia, and macrovascular outcomes.
 - Like other metformin-containing products, Jentadueto and Jentadueto XR also carry a warning and precaution for vitamin B₁₂ levels.
 - Like other SGLT-2-containing products, Glyxambi also carries warnings and precautions for hypotension, ketoacidosis, impairment in renal function, urosepsis and pyelonephritis, genital mycotic infections, and increased low-density lipoprotein cholesterol.

•	Like other metformin-containing products, Jentadueto and Jentadueto XR carry a boxed warning for lactic acidosis.
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